

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## 3.2 Linear Functions Part 2

Essential Question: \_\_\_\_\_

\*A solution of a linear equation in two variables is an \_\_\_\_\_  $(x,y)$  that makes the equation \_\_\_\_\_. The graph of a linear equation in two variables is the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_  $(x,y)$  in a coordinate plane that represents \_\_\_\_\_ solutions of the \_\_\_\_\_. Sometimes the points are \_\_\_\_\_, and other times the points are \_\_\_\_\_.

\*A \_\_\_\_\_ domain is a set of input values that consists of only certain numbers in an \_\_\_\_\_.

Example:

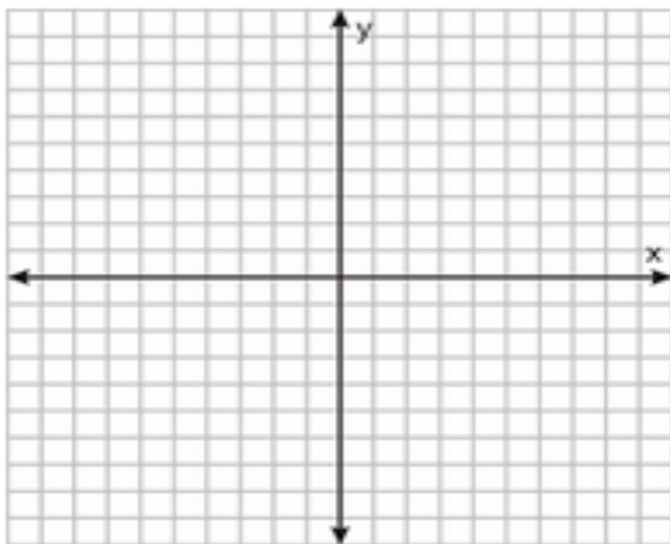
\*A \_\_\_\_\_ domain is a set of \_\_\_\_\_ values that consists of \_\_\_\_\_ numbers in an interval.

Example:

**EXAMPLE 4** Graphing Discrete Data

The linear function  $y = 15.95x$  represents the cost  $y$  (in dollars) of  $x$  tickets for a museum. Each customer can buy a maximum of four tickets.

- Find the domain of the function. Is the domain discrete or continuous? Explain.
- Graph the function using its domain.

**EXAMPLE 5** Graphing Continuous Data

A cereal bar contains 130 calories. The number  $c$  of calories consumed is a function of the number  $b$  of bars eaten.

- Does this situation represent a linear function? Explain.
- Find the domain of the function. Is the domain discrete or continuous? Explain.
- Graph the function using its domain.

